The Columbian.

VOL. 2.....NO 52. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, DEC. 25, 1868. PRICE FIVE CENTS

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

JACOB METZ, dealer in stoves & tinware, Main st., above court house. [illegible]

A. M. RUPERT, stoves and tinware, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. [illegible]

CLOTHING, &C.

D. LOWENBERG, merchant tailor, Main st., 2d door above American house. v1-n11

J. W. CHEMBERLIN, wholesale and retail dealer in clothing, etc., Hartman's building, Main street. [illegible]

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &C.

E. N. MOYER, druggist and apothecary, Exchange block Main st. [illegible]

E. P. LUTZ, druggist and apothecary, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. [illegible]

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

LOUIS BERNHARD, watch and clock maker, near southeast corner Main and Iron st. [illegible]

C. G. SAVAGE, dealer in clocks, watches and jewelry, Main st., just below American House. [illegible]

R. CATHCART, watch and clock maker, Market st., below Main. [illegible]

BOOTS AND SHOES.

M. BROWN, boot and shoe maker, [illegible] opposite Court House. [illegible]

SOLLIDAY, [illegible] and shoes, Main st., [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

PROFESSIONAL.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Market st. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Main Street. [illegible]

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, milliner, Rupert building, Main st. [illegible]

[illegible] Main street [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] west of Market st.

[illegible] American House. [illegible]

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

[illegible]

[illegible] oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, [illegible] block, Main st. [illegible]

[illegible] WEBB, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Main st., just [illegible] Iron. [illegible]

[illegible] HOTEL, by Koons & Clark, Main st., opposite court house. [illegible]

[illegible] HOUSE, by [illegible], Main st., west of Iron street. [illegible]

[illegible] HOTEL, by [illegible] Main st. [illegible]

[illegible] refreshment saloon, Main st., [illegible] court house. [illegible]

[illegible]NS & CLARK, refreshment saloon, Exchange hotel. [illegible]

[illegible] GILLMORE, refreshment saloon, [illegible] south side Main st. [illegible]

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

[illegible] Confectionery, [illegible] Court House. [illegible]

[illegible]LER, dealer in dry goods, groceries, hardware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc., [illegible] block, Main street. [illegible]

[illegible] NEAL & Co. dealers in dry goods, [illegible] corner Main and Market st. [illegible]

[illegible]TER, hats and caps, boots and shoes, [illegible] above Court House. [illegible]

[illegible] dry goods and [illegible] Main and Iron sts. v1-n[illegible]

[illegible]OWER, dry goods, groceries, etc., [illegible] corner Main and Iron sts. [illegible]

[illegible]KLEY, Keystone store [illegible] southwest corner Market and Main. [illegible]

[illegible]LLIAM ERASMUS, confectionery, [illegible] below the railroad. [illegible]

[illegible] MENDENHALL, [illegible] corner of [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] ROBBINS, dealer in dry goods, [illegible] block, Main st., below Iron. [illegible]

[illegible] GIDDING, Groceries & Provisions, [illegible] Main and Iron streets. [illegible]

[illegible] SNYDER, hardware, cutlery, guns, etc., [illegible] below Iron. [illegible]

[illegible] LOAN, dealer in clothing, [illegible] fresh groceries, etc., [illegible] opposite court house. [illegible]

[illegible] Main st., above West. [illegible]

[illegible] SHARPLESS, dry goods, groceries, [illegible] etc., Rupert block, Main st., West of [illegible] v1-n41

[illegible]CHAMER & A. F. HAYHURST, Dealers in Groceries, Confectionaries and Notions, [illegible] south side, two doors above [illegible] shoemaker shop. [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

[illegible] M GUIRE, [illegible]

[illegible] Main st. [illegible]

[illegible] THORNTON, wall paper, window shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. [illegible]

[illegible] Main st., opposite [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] BIDLEMAN, [illegible] Lightning Rods. [illegible]

[illegible] PURSELL, saddle, trunk and harness maker, Main st., below court house. v1-n1

[illegible] Tinner, Southern [illegible]

[illegible]SBURG LUMBER CO., manufacturers and dealers in Lumber of all kinds, [illegible] near the railroad. v1-n[illegible]

[illegible] BIDLEMAN, saddle and harness maker, near southwest corner Main and Market st. v1-n1

[illegible]ITMAN, marble works, near southwest corner Main and Market sts. v1-n11

[illegible] RINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at G. W. Corell's furniture rooms. v1-n1

[illegible] MASTERS, agent for Grover & Baker's sewing machine, Main st., Hartman's building, up stairs. v1-n1

[illegible] ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts. v1-n1

[illegible]ACOCK, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. v1-n1

[illegible] A. FUNSTON, mutual and cash rates fire insurance company, northeast corner Main and [illegible] v1-n1

[illegible]EL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone [illegible] East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. v1-n1

[illegible]AMPLE & CO. Machinists, East Bloomsburg, near railroad. Castings made at short [illegible] repaired. [illegible]

[illegible] manufacturer and repair[illegible] threshing machines, [illegible] East Bloomsburg. [illegible]

[illegible]N, dealer in meat, tallow, etc., Centre alley, back of American House. v1-n11

GRANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, physician and surgeon, Main st., next door to Good's Hotel. v1-n47

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment saloon, by Wm. Masteller cor. of Main and Pine st. v1n47

SWAN HOTEL, the upper house by John Snyder, Main st., above Pine. v1-n47

HARMAN BROTHERS, Tanners and manufacturers of leather, on Main st., below Goo Hotel. v2-n

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street. v1-n47

BOWER & HERRING, dealer in dry goods, groceries, lumber and general Merchandise Main st. v1-n47

GEORGE LAZARUS, saddle and harness maker Main st., above the Swan Hotel. v1-n47

W. H. SMITH, manufacturer of tin ware and dealer in stoves etc, Main st., above the Swan Hotel. v1-n47

A. & E. W. COLEMAN, Merchant tailor and Gent's furnishing goods, Main St., next door to the brick hotel. v1-n47

M. S. HAYHURST, Clocks, Watches and Guns repaired. Guns and Watches for sale, Main St., below Pine. v1-n47

JAMES S. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker, and Undertaker, Main st., below Pine. v1-n47

[illegible] KELLER, Confectionery, Oysters [illegible] on Pine St., between Main and Mill. v1-n47

H. & C. MELCHNER, Blacksmiths, on Mill Street, near Pine. v1-n47

WILLIAM DELONG, Shoemaker and manufacturer, [illegible] Mill St., west of Pine. v1n19

[illegible] B. SCHUYLER, Iron founder, Machinist and Manufacturer of plows, Mill St. v1-n47

[illegible] A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tanners and Manufacturers of leather, Mill Street. v1-n17

[illegible] KELLER, Boot and Shoemaker, Pine street, opposite the Academy v1-n47

A. [illegible] & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main Street, below Pine. v1-n47

[illegible] SHARPLESS, Maker o' the Hayhurst [illegible] Main St. v2n5

[illegible] M. HARMAN, saddle and harness maker [illegible] opposite Frame [illegible] v2n11

CATAWISSA DIRECTORY.

S[illegible]HANNA, or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbauder proprietor, southeast corner Main and Second street. v2-n12

J. R. [illegible], dry goods, groceries, and general Merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in stoves and tin-ware, Main street. v2-n12

W. H. ABBETT, attorney at law, Main Street. v2-n12

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

L. HEILER, billiard saloon, oysters, and ice cream in season Main Street. v2-n12

P. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building. v2-n18.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician, Second st., below Main. v2-n18.

[illegible] KISTLER, "Cattawissa House," North West Corner Main and Second Streets. v2-n18.

M. M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries &c. v2-n18.

LIGHT STREET DIRECTORY.

PETER ENT, dealer in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., Light Street. v1-n45

[illegible], Cabinetmaker, Undertaker [illegible] v1-n16

[illegible] WALTER blacksmith, opposite post [illegible] v1-n46

[illegible] & Co., Wheelwrights, first door [illegible] v1-n46

[illegible] milliner and fancy goods. v1-n46

[illegible] dealer in Leather, Hides, Bark, [illegible] paid for Hides. v1-n46

[illegible] dealer in stoves and tin ware in [illegible] v1-n46

JOHN A. OMAN, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes. v1-n46

[illegible], M. D. Surgeon and Physician. Office at Keller's Hotel. v2-n27

ESPY DIRECTORY.

J. D. [illegible], Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Shop on Main street, opposite [illegible] Mill. v2-n16

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C. S. Fowler, Proprietor.

D. F. [illegible] & BRO., dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise. v2n11

[illegible] dealer in dry goods, groceries, hardware, fish, salt, nails, etc. v2n11

[illegible] Susquehanna Planing Mill and [illegible] v2n11

JERSEYTOWN DIRECTORY.

A. [illegible]SON, dealer in dry goods, groceries, [illegible] Jerseytown. v1-n[illegible]

[illegible] dealer in Hides, Leather [illegible] Madison township Columbia county. v1-n16

[illegible] Hotel, [illegible] entertained. v2-n1

BUCKHORN DIRECTORY.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise, [illegible] of town. v2-n18

JACOB & W. H. HARRIS, dealers in dry goods, groceries, drugs and medicines. First store in north end of town. v-n18.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.

The undersigned having purchased this well-known and centrally-located house, the Exchange Hotel, situate on MAIN STREET, in Bloomsburg, immediately opposite the Columbia county Court House, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general that their house is now in order for the reception and entertainment of travellers who may be disposed to favor it with their custom. They have spared no expense in preparing the Exchange for the entertainment of their guests, neither shall there be anything wanting on their part to minister to their personal comfort. Their house is spacious, and enjoys an excellent business location.

Omnibuses run at all times between the Exchange Hotel and the various railroad depots, by which travellers will be pleasantly conveyed to and from the respective stations in due time to meet the cars.

KOONS & CLARK.

Bloomsburg, April 3, 1868.

FORKS HOTEL,

GEORGE W. MAUGER, Proprietor.

The above well-known hotel has recently undergone radical changes in its internal arrangements, and its proprietor announces to his former custom and the travelling public that his accommodations for the comfort of his guests are second to none in the country. His table will always be found supplied, not only with substantial food, but with all the delicacies of the season. His wines and liquors (except that popular beverage known as "McHenry") purchased direct from the importing houses, are entirely pure, and free from all poisonous drugs. He is thankful for a liberal patronage in the past, and will continue to deserve it in the future.

GEORGE W. MAUGER.

EXCHANGE SALOON,

The Proprietor of the Exchange Saloon has now on hand a large stock of

SUMMER REFRESHMENTS,

consisting of

SPICED OYSTERS, SARDINES, TRIPE, BOLOGNAS, SHEEP TONGUE, BOILED EGGS, SWEITZER CHEESE,

LAGER BEER, ALE, &C.

COME ONE, COME ALL AND SEE.

LAWSON CALMAN,
Superintendent.

Bloomsburg, May 8, 1867.

THE ESPY HOTEL,

ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken the above well known House of Entertainment, and will be pleased to receive the custom of all who will favor him with a call.

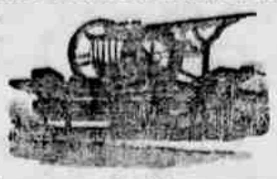
HE WILL KEEP A GOOD TABLE,

a Bar well stocked with the best of Liquors, and every effort will be made to render entire satisfaction.

C. H. DIETTERICH.

Espy, Pa., April 12, 1867.

THE COLUMBIAN,



A Democratic Newspaper

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING AT

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

THE principles of this paper are of the Jeffersonian School of politics. Those principles will never be compromised, yet courtesy and kindness shall not be forgotten in discussing them, whether with individuals, or with contemporaries of the Press. The unity, happiness, and prosperity of the country is our aim and object; and as the means to secure that, we shall labor honestly and earnestly for the harmony, success and growth of our organization.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:—Two dollars a year if paid in advance. If not paid in advance two dollars and fifty cents will be invariably charged.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:—One square (ten lines or less) one or two insertions $1,50; each subsequent insertion 50 cents.

SPACE.	1M.	2M.	3M.	6M.	1Y
One square	$2,50	3,00	4,00	6,00	$10,00
Two squares	3,50	5,00	7,00	9,00	15,00
Three squares	5,00	7,00	8,00	12,00	18,00
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Quarter column	10,00	12,00	14,00	20,00	30,00
Half column	15,00	18,00	20,00	30,00	60,00
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Executor's and Administrator's Notice $3,00; Auditor's Notice $2,50. Other advertisements inserted according to special contract.

Business notices, without advertisement, twenty cents per line, by the year, ten cents per line.

Cards will be published in the "Directory" column at [illegible] for the first two lines, and [illegible] for each additional line.

Transient advertisements payable in advance—all others due after the first insertion.

☞ It is, in *all cases*, more likely to be satisfactory, both to subscribers and to the Publishers, that remittances and all communications respecting the business of the paper, be sent direct to the office of publication. All letters, whether relating to the editorial or business concerns of the paper, and all payments for subscriptions, advertising, or job printing are to be made to and addressed

BROCKWAY & FREEZE.
"Columbian Office,"
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Printed at Robison's Buildings, near the Court House, by

C. M. VANDERSLICE.

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOB PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office.

M. M. L'VELLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ashland, Schuylkill County, Penn'a.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office with E. H. Little, in brick building adjoining Post Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. [sep20'67.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Register and Recorder's office, in the basement of the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office corner of Main and Market streets, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office on Main street, in brick building below the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞ OFFICE—Court House Alley, below the Columbian Office. [Jan1'67.

AUCTIONEER.
MOSES COFFMAN,
Having followed the profession of Public Vendue Crier for many years, would inform his friends that he is still in the field, ready and willing to attend to all the duties of his calling. Persons desiring his services should call or write to him at Bloomsburg, Pa. [mar1'67.

J. B. PURSEL,
HARNESS, SADDLE, AND TRUNK MANUFACTURER,
and dealer in
CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS, BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS &C.,
which he feels confident he can sell at lower rate than any other person in this country. Examine for yourselves.
Shop first door below the Post Office Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Nov. 13, 1867.

S. C. COLLINS,
FASHIONABLE
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING
AND
SHAMPOOING SALOON,
Over Widmayer & Jacoby's Ice Cream Saloon, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Hair Dyeing and Whiskers colored black or brown. Hair tonic to destroy dandruff and beautifying the hair, will restore hair to its original color without soiling the finest fabric, constantly on hand. [apr12'67.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan.31,'67-tf

POWDER KEGS AND LUMBER.
W. M. MONROE & CO.
Rupert, Pa.,
Manufacturers of
POWDER KEGS,
and dealers in all kinds of
LUMBER,
give notice that they are prepared to accommodate their custom with dispatch, and on the cheapest terms.

UNION HOTEL,
ROHRSBURG, PA.
The undersigned would respectfully inform the traveling public that he has purchased and refitted in the best manner the old stand formerly occupied by W. A. Kline, and that he is now prepared to accommodate his friends with all the comforts and conveniences of a first-class house. A fine new barn has been built and the surroundings placed in perfect order. The bar will always be stocked with the choicest liquors and cigars, and the table furnished with the best the market affords. JAMES V. GILLASPIE.
July 3, '68.

BRICK HOTEL,
GRANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
WM. MASTELLER, PROPRIETOR.
Having taken possession of this well-known house, so long kept by Samuel Everett, the Proprietor has put it in permanent repair and furnished BAR AND LARDER with the choicest liquors and newest delicacies. His table is not excelled in the county; and no pains will be spared to accommodate guests. [apr3'68.

Choice Poetry.

KISSES.

CHILDREN'S KISSES.

Scattered from among the roses,
Where a budding wealth reposes,
Little dimpled lips invite;
Springing from the heart's deep treasure,
With a never-failing measure,
Given with a pure delight.

ROGUISH KISSES.

Muffled footsteps softly tipping
Up behind, and gently slipping
Round you dear familiar arms;
Though warm hearts may touch unbidden
Where you keep your kisses hidden,
Shelter them from rude alarms.

MOTHER'S KISSES.

Little urchins full of badness,
Little faces full of sadness,
Claim a mother's tender kiss,
Every little childish sorrow
Finds a solace none can borrow,
In a mother's soft caress.

FRIENDSHIP'S KISSES.

A kiss it friendship's kindest token
A sympathetic language spoken
By tender natures for distress,
'Tis friendship's sweetest mute bestowing,
'Tis admiration's overflowing,
That loving lips so fondly press

CUPID'S KISSES.

Prompted by some wild emotion
Of the heart, that hidden ocean,
Throbbing in the human breast;
It may be Love's incense burning
On the lips, or Fancy's yearning,
Like "a bird without a nest."

SILENT KISSES.

Some strange, sweet cord of kindred feeling,
Some nameless yearning softly stealing,
Earth has no dearer tie than this,
Heart to heart in sacred beating,
Lips in soul-communion meeting,
Does heaven afford a purer bliss?

PARTING KISSES.

The last, and it may be the dearest,
For hearts in parting seem the nearest,
Closer [illegible] "farewell."
But, O, the last that cold lips never
Give answering touch, the last forever,
Are sadder than the funeral bell.

Miscellaneous.

THE MYSTERIOUS WIDOW.

DURING the summer of 1811 the British had not only laid claim to all that portion of the District of Maine lying east of the Penobscot, but Admiral Griffith and Sir John Sherbrooke, the latter then being the Governor of Nova Scotia, had been sent with a heavy force to take possession, and occupied the town of Castine, which place commands the entrance to the Penobscot river. Shortly before the arrival of the English squadron, Commodore Sam'l Tucker had been sent around to Penobscot Bay to protect the American coasters, and while the British sailed up to Castine, he lay at Thomaston.

It was a schooner that the Commodore commanded, but she was a heavy one, well armed and manned; and that she carried the true Yankee "grit" upon her decks the enemy had received, from them, rather too many proofs. On the morning of the 28th of August, a messenger was sent down from Belfast with the intelligence that the British frigate was coming from Castine to take him. Tucker knew that the British feared him, and also that Sir John Sherbrooke had offered a large amount for his capture.

When the Commodore received the intelligence, his vessel was lying at one of the low wharves where he would have to wait two hours for the tide to set him off; but he hastened to have everything prepared to get her off as soon as possible, for he had no desire to meet the frigate.

The schooner's keel was just cleared from the mud, and one of the men had been sent upon the wharf to cast off the bowling, when a wagon drawn by one horse came rattling down to the spot. The driver, a rough looking countryman got out upon the wharf, and then assisted a middle-aged woman from the vehicle. The lady's first enquiry was for Commodore Tucker. He was pointed out to her, and she stepped upon the schooner's deck, and approached him.

"Commodore," she asked, "when do you sail from here?"

"We sail right off, as soon as possible, madam."

"Oh, then, I know you will be kind to me," the lady urged, in persuasive tones. "My poor husband died yesterday, and I wish to carry his corpse to Wicasset, where we belong, and where his parents will take care of it."

"But, my good woman, I shan't go to Wicasset."

"If you will only land me at the mauth of the Sheepscot, I will ask no more. I can easily find a boat there to take me up."

"Where is the body?" asked Tucker.

"In the wagon," returned the lady, at the same time raising the corner of her shawl to wipe away the gathering tears. "I have a sum of money with me, and you shall be paid for the trouble."

"Tut, tut, woman; if I accommodate you, there won't be any pay about it."

The kind-hearted old Commodore was not the man to refuse a favor, and though he liked not the bother of taking the woman and her strange accompaniment on board, yet he could not refuse. When he told her he would do as she requested she thanked him with many tears in her eyes.

Some of the men were sent upon the wharf to bring the body on board. A long buffalo robe was lifted off by the man who drove the wagon, and beneath it appeared a neat black coffin. Some words were passed by the seamen, as they were putting the coffin on board, which went to show pretty plainly that the affair did not exactly suit them. It may have been but prejudice on their part, but then seamen should be allowed a prejudice once in a while, when we consider the many stern realities they have to encounter. "Hush, my good men," said the Commodore, as he heard their murmured remonstrances. "Suppose you were to die, away from home—would you not wish that your last remains might be carried to your poor parents? Come, hurry now."

The men said no more, and ere long the coffin was placed in the hold, and the woman was shown to the cabin.—In less than half an hour, the schooner was cleared from the wharf, and standing out from the bay. The wind was light from the eastward, but Tucker had no fear of the frigate now that he was once out of the bay.

In the evening, the lady passenger came on deck, and the Commodore assured her that he should be able to land her early on the next morning. She expressed her gratitude and satisfaction, and remarked that before she retired she should like to look and see that her husband's corpse was safe.—This was of course granted, and one of them lifted off the hatch, that she might go down into the hold.

"I declare," muttered Daniel Carter, an old sailor, who was standing at the wheel, "she takes on dre'fully!"

"Yes, poor thing!" said Tucker, as he heard her sobs and groans.

"D'ye notice what'n eye she's got?" continued Carter.

"No," said Tucker, "only 'twas swollen with tears."

"My eyes! but they shone, though, when she stood here looking at the compass."

Tucker smiled at the man's quaint earnestness, and without further remark he went down to the cabin.

When the woman came up from the hold, she looked about the deck of the schooner for a few moments, and then went aft. There was something in her countenance that puzzled Carter. He had been one of those who objected to the coffin's being brought on board, and hence he was not predisposed to look very favorably upon its owner. The woman's eye ran over the schooner's deck with a strange quickness, and Carter eyed her very sharply. Soon she went to the taffrail and looked over at the stern boat and then she came and stood by the binnacle again.

"Look out, or you'll gibe the boom," uttered the passenger.

Carter started, and found that the main sail was shivering. He gave the helm a couple of spokes aport, and then cast his eyes upon the woman, whose features were lighted by the binnacle lamp.

"Thank'e ma'am," said Dan. "Ha, hold on—why, bless my soul, there's a big spider right on your hair. No—not there. Here-I'll-Ugh!"

This last ejaculation Dan made as he seemed to pull something from the woman's hair, which he threw upon the deck with the "*ugh!*" above mentioned.

Shortly after, the passenger went below, and ere long Tucker came on deck.

"Commodore," said Carter, with a remarkable degree of earnestness in his manner, "is the 'oman turned in?"

"I rather think so," said Tucker, looking at the compass. "Look out, look out, Carter! Why, man alive, you're two points to the southward of your course."

"Blow me, so I am," said the man, bringing the helm smartly aport. "But say, didn't ye notice anything peculiar about the old 'oman?"

"Why Dan, you seem greatly interested about her."

"So I am, Commodore, an' so I am about the coffin, too. Wouldn't it be well for you and I to overhaul it?"

"Pshaw! you are as scared as a child in a graveyard."

"No, not a bit. Just hark a bit. That 'oman ain't no 'oman."

The Commodore pronounced the name of his Satanic Majesty in the most emphatic manner.

"It's the truth, Commodore—I can swear to it. I purtended there was a spider on her face. By Sam Hyde, if it wasn't as rough and bearded as an holystone. You see, she told me as how I'd let the boom gibe if I didn't look out. I know there wasn't no 'oman there, and so I tried her. Call somebody to the wheel, and let's go and look at that coffin."

The Commodore was wonder struck by what he had heard, but, what he was, he sat coolly to thinking. In a few minutes he called one of the men aft to relieve Carter, and then he went down to look after his passenger. The latter had turned in, and seemed to be sleeping. Tucker returned, and took Carter one side.

"No noise now, Carter; follow me as though nothing had happened."

"Sartin."

The two approached the main hatch, and stooped to raise it, when Dan's hand touched a small ball that seemed to have been pinned up under the after break of the hatch.

"It's a ball of twine," said he.

"Don't touch it, but run and get a lantern," replied Tucker.

Carter sprang to obey, and when he returned a number of the men had gathered about the spot. The hatch was raised, and the Commodore carefully picked up the ball of twine, and found that it was made fast to something below. He descended to the hold, and there he found that the twine ran in between the lid of the coffin.—He had no doubt in his mind now, that there was mischief boxed up below, and he sent Carter for something that might answer for screwdriver. The man soon returned with a stout knife, and the Commodore set to work. He worked very carefully, however, at the same time keeping a bright lookout for the string.

At length the screws were out, and the lid very carefully lifted from its place.

"Great God in heaven!" burst from the lips of the Commodore.

"By Sam Hyde!" dropped like a thunder-bolt from the tongue of young Dan.

"God bless you, Dan!" said the Commodore.

"I know'd it!" uttered Dan.

The two men stood for a moment, and gazed into the coffin. There was no dead man there, but in place thereof, there was material for the death of a score. The coffin was filled with gunpowder and pitchwood! Upon a light framework in the centre were arranged four pistols, all cocked, and the string entering the coffin from without communicated with the trigger of each.

The first movement of the Commodore was to call for water, and when it was brought, he dashed three or four bucketsfull into the infernal contrivance and then he breathed more freely.

"No, no," he uttered, as he leaped from the hole. "No, no—my men.—Do nothing rashly. Let me go into the cabin first. You may follow me."

Commodore Tucker strode into the cabin, walked up to the bunk where his passenger lay, and grasping hold of the female dress, he dragged its wearer out upon the floor. There was a sharp resistance, and the passenger drew a pistol, but it was quickly knocked away—the gown was torn off, and a man came forth from the remnants of calico and linen.

The fellow was assured that his whole plot had been discovered. At length he owned that it had been his plan to turn out in the course of the night and get hold of the ball of twine, which he had left in a convenient place; he then intended to have gone aft, carefully unwinding the string as he went along; then to have got into the boat, cut the falls, and as the boat fell into the water he would have pulled smartly upon the twine.

"And I think you know," he continued, with a wicked look, "what would have followed. I shouldn't have been noticed in the fuss—I'd have got out of the way with the boat, and you'd all have been in the next world in short order. And all that I can say, is, that I'm sorry I didn't do it."

It was with difficulty that the Commodore prevented his men from killing the villain on the spot. He proved to be one of the enemy's officers, and he was to have a heavy reward if he succeeded in destroying the Commodore and his crew.

The prisoner was carried on deck and lashed to the main rigging, where he was told to remain until the vessel got in port.

"What a horrid death that villain meant for us," uttered Carter.

"Yes, he did," said Tucker, with a shudder.

"He belongs to the same gang that's been a robbin' and burnin' the poor folks's houses on the Eastern coast," said one of the men.

"Yes," said the Commodore, with a nervous twitch of the muscles about his mouth.

A bitter curse from the prisoner here broke upon the air, and with a clutched fist the Commodore went below.

In the morning when Tucker came on deck, Seguin was in sight upon the starboard bow, but when he looked for the prisoner he was gone.

"Carter, where's the villain I lashed here last night?"

"I'm sure I don't know where he is, Commodore. Perhaps he's jumped overboard."

The old Commodore looked sternly in Carter's eyes, and he saw a twinkle of satisfaction gleaming there. He hesitated a moment—and then he turned away, and muttered to himself:

"Well, well—I can't blame them. If the murderous villain's gone to death he's only met a fate which he richly deserved. Better far be it for him, than that all my noble crew were now in the ocean's cold grave."

◆

A DOMESTIC STORY.—An editor says: An aunt of ours concluded to try the effect of a pleasant smile and a kind word upon her husband when he returned from his work. She had read how a home should be made pleasant and the wife should always meet her husband with a joyful smile. The success she had is best given in the shape of a dialogue.

Enter husband, almost exhausted, and very hungry withal; throws his hat on the floor and drops heavily into a seat. Wife, preparing tea, looks up with a smile, and is so glad to see him.

Wife—"Well, my dear, it is so nice to have you here at meal time." A long smile.

Husband—"Yes, I suppose so."

Wife—"How has your business prospered to-day?" Another smile.

Husband—"About so."

Wife—"Come, my dear, supper is ready, let me draw your chair." Another smile.

Husband, gruffly—"I am too tired to stir. Wait till I warm my feet."

Wife—"Do as you choose, my dear." Another sweet smile.

Husband—"Look'e here, old woman, before any more fuss is made about it, I should like to know what in thunder you are grinning at."

Aunt sighed and relinquished her sweet smiles from that date. Uncle John was not one of the romantic sort, and didn't understand such things.

◆

AN old lady in Corydon, Ind., has failing eyes, and consequently an overgrown Sunday hymn book, something less than Webster's unabridged pictorial. On her way to church the other Sunday she stopped in a moment to see a friend, and placed her hymn book on the center table while she aired her gaiters at the grate. When the church bell rang she started very suddenly, and instead of her Watts' illustrated hymn book, picked up an elegant little music box. The exchange worked to a charm, and all went 'merry as a marriage bell.' The minister opened his hymn book to read his title clear to 'mansions in the skies,' and the old lady opened her music box which happened to go off in the devotional strain of 'Pop goes the weasel.' The old lady popped up in her seat, tried to choke the thing down, and couldn't, but left the house without waiting to see whether Miss Brown wore her good gingham dress or spotted poplin.

◆

SOUND DOCTRINE.—From the New York *Commercial Journal* we select the following as a maxim for business men:

"When a business man comes to the conclusion that he cannot afford to expend during the year, in judicious advertising, an amount equal to one-half, or at least one-quarter, of the sum he pays annually for rent, he may very safely make up his mind that it is high time for him to move his business to cheaper quarters.

What the Andirons Cost.

"Peter," said my uncle, knocking the ashes from his pipe, laying it on the corner of the shelf, and then fixing his eyes on the Andirons, "Peter, these cost me $1,000!"

"Dear me!" exclaimed my aunt.

"Oh, father," cried the girls.

"Impossible," said I.

"True, every word true. $1,000, did I say? yes, $2,000, full $2,000!"

"Well, well," said my aunt, folding up her knitting for night, "I should like to know what you are talking about."

My uncle bent forward, and planting his hands firmly on his parted knees, and with a deliberate air showed no doubt of his being able to prove his assertions, he began:

Well, you see, a good many years ago, we had a pair of common old Andirons. Your cousin Lettie says one day, "Father, don't you think these old Andirons are getting too shabby?" Shabby or not, says I, they would hold up the wood as nicely as if they were made of gold. Soon after that, Peter, continued my uncle, "your aunt took it up——"

"There it goes," interrupted my aunt, "you can't get along without dragging me in."

"Your aunt took it up, Peter, and she said, "our neighbors could afford brass Andirons, and they were no better off than we were." "And she said Letty and her sister Jane were just getting old enough to see company, and the stingy-looking Andirons might hurt their market. I knew that women will have their own way, and there is no use in objecting; so I got the Andirons. The price of them was four dollars and a half——"

"Ah, that's more like it!" cried my aunt. "I thought you said $2,000!"

"My dear, I wish you would not interrupt me. Four and a half. Well, the first night after we got them, as we all sat by the warm fire talking over the matter, Lettie called my attention to the hearth, the stones of which were cracked and uneven. The hearth was entirely out of keeping with the new Andirons, and I thought I might as well have it replaced first as last. The next day, a mason was sent for, to examine it. He came in my absence, and when I returned home, your aunt and cousins all beset me at once to have a marble slab, and they put their heads together."

"La me!" exclaimed my aunt, "there was no putting heads together about it. The hearth was a real worn out thing, not fit for a pig pen."

"They put their heads together, Peter, as I was saying, and continued till I got a marble hearth, which cost me twenty dollars—yes, twenty dollars at least. Then I thought I was done with expenses, but was wrong. Soon I began to hear sly hints thrown out about the brick work around the fireplace, not corresponding with the hearth. I stood for a month or two against your aunt and the girls, but they at length got the better of me, and I was forced to have marble instead of brick. And then the old wood mantle-piece was so out of character that it was necessary to a marble one. The cost of this was nearly $150. And now that the spirit of improvement had got a start, there was no stopping. The new mantle put to shame the old white-washed walls, and they must be painted of course; and to prepare them for paint, sundry repairs were necessary. While this was going on, your aunt and the girls appeared to be quite satisfied; and when it was done they had no idea the old parlor could be made to look so spruce. But this was only a short respite. The old rag carpet began to raise a dust, and I found there would be no peace—"

"Now, father!" exclaimed the girls.

"Till I got a new carpet. That, again, shamed the old furniture, and it had to be turned out and replaced with new. Now, Peter, my lad, count up $20 for the hearth and $150 for the mantle-piece and repairs. What does that make?"

"$170, uncle."

"Well, $50 for paper and paint?"

"$220."

"Then $50 for a carpet, and $100, at least, for furniture."—

"$370."

"Ahem! There's that clock, too, and the blinds—$30 more."

"$400, exactly." My aunt and cousins winked at each other.

"Now," continued my uncle, "so much for this one room. No sooner was the room finished, than the complaints came from all quarters about the dining-room and entry. Long before this I had surrendered at their discretion, and handed in my submission. The dining room cost $500 more. What does that count, Peter?"

"$900, uncle."

"Then the chambers—at least 300, to make them chime with the down-stairs."

"1,200."

"The outside of the house had to be repaired and painted, of course. Add 200 for that."

"1,400."

"Then, there must be a piazza in front, that cost 200."

"1,600." Here aunt begins to yawn, Letty to poke the fire, and Jane to twirl over the leaves of a book.

"A new carriage came next, Peter; that costs $200."

"1,800."

"Then there was a lawn to be laid out and neatly fenced—a servant to be hired—parties given occasionally, bonnets and dresses at double the former cost—and a hundred other little expenses in keeping with the new order of things. Yes, Peter, I was entirely within bounds when I said $2,000."

The opposition was silent. My aunt immediately arose and "guessed it was bed time." I was left alone with my uncle, who was not inclined to drop the subject. He was a persevering man, and never gave up what he undertook till he had done the work thoroughly. So he brought out his books and accounts, and set about making an exact estimate of the expense. He kept me up till mid-night before he got through. [illegible] that the pair of an-

CHILDREN SHOULD NOT SMOKE.—Boys in this country become men at a very early age. We have seen men at eight and ten; and very many of those men have been addicted to chewing tobacco and smoking pipes and cigars, because other men did so. Smoking and chewing tobacco are certainly not very wholesome practices, especially for children. They will indulge in them, however, in spite of the admonitions and prohibitions of their parents. They cannot be reasoned with, and it would, perhaps, be useless to tell them that they were destroying their health and inviting premature decrepitude by their indulgence in the manly habit. It may not be out of place to refer to some observations on this subject by Doctor Decaisne, who was led to inquire into the connection of the habit of smoking with impairment of the general health of boys between nine and fifteen years of age. Of the thirty-eight boys who were the subjects of his investigation, distinct symptoms were present in twenty-seven. In twenty-two there were various disorders of the circulation, palpitation, disorders of digestion slowness of intellect, and a more or less marked taste for strong drinks. In three the pulse was intermittent. In eight, there was found, on examination a marked diminution of the red corpuscles of the blood; in twelve, rather frequent bleeding of the nose; ten had disturbed sleep. And he continues through a catalogue of tobacco-produced ailments, which argue strongly against children indulging in smoking and chewing.

◆

A NEW and not unimportant reform is about to be introduced in German schools, viz: the abolition of all afternoon classes. It was principally during the past summer months that the experiment was almost forced upon the authorities. The results are on all sides reported to have been more than brilliant. The forenoon classes are somewhat, but not much, longer than formerly, but it is said the pupils show an eagerness and a vigor in those short morning hours which has never been known before, and their progress is quite in keeping with their keen and energetic assiduity. The most curious point about the matter seems to be the fully authenticated fact that, the schools having hitherto only closed experimentally, earlier or later, according to the wishes of the respective head-masters, the progress shown by the various schools stand in an inverse ratio to the duration of the classes, or, in other words, the less hours beyond the four or five of the morning in school, the more did the boys get on with their work.

◆

AN AGENT OF THE LORD.—Deacon Stines was an austere man who followed oystering and was of hardshell persuasion. The deacon 'allus made it a pint' to tell his customers that the money which he received for 'isters' did not belong to him. "The good father made the 'isters,'" said the deacon, "and the money is his'n; I'm only a stooart." One Sunday morning the old fellow was tearing round from house to house with a suspicious bit of currency in his hand, and more than a suspicion of rage in his face. Some one had given him a bad fifty cents, and he "was'nt goin' to meetin, till that ar was fixed up." "Why deacon," said one of his customers, whom he had tackled about it, "what's the odds? what need you care, it isn't yours, you know, you are only a steward; it isn't your loss." The deacon shifted his shoulder, walked to the door, unshipped his quid, and said, "Yaas, that's so; but if you think that I'm goin' to stand by and see the Lord cheated out of fifty cents you are mistaken. *I don't foster no such feelin'.*"

◆

HOW HARVARD STUDENTS WERE POISONED.—Some days ago a paragraph went the rounds in this city to the effect that some two hundred students connected with Harvard College had been poisoned in some unaccountable manner. An investigation was at once had, when it was ascertained that the cause of all the suffering incident to the sudden illness of this large number of students arose from eating heartily of corned beef, which had been furnished by a dealer of Quincy Market. Some time after this intelligence had been given to the public an analysis of this beef was made by Professor Wyman, of the College, which resulted in the discovery of traces of verdigris. A further examination revealed the fact that the beef had been cooked in a copper kettle, and, as a natural consequence, the brine of the beef coming in contact with the copper, created the verdigris with which the meat was impregnated.—*Boston Post.*

◆

ADVICE TO YOUNG MEN.—Let the business of every one alone, and attend to your own. Don't buy what you don't want. Use every hour to advantage, and study to make a leisure hour useful. Think twice before you spend a dollar; remember you will have another to make for it. Look over your books regularly; if a stroke of misfortune comes upon you in your business, retrench, work harder, but never fly the track. Confront difficulties with unflinching perseverance, and they will fly at last; then you will be honored, but shrink, and you will be despised.

◆

"How much do you ax for your bald faced goose," said the son of Erin to the keeper of a museum.

"It is not a goose; it is a owl," said the keeper.

"Devil a bit do I care how owld it is. I want it for the boarders. They'll ate it.

◆

SUPPOSE there are nine ears of corn in a crib; then suppose that a hog goes into the crib and brings out three each time. How many times will he have to go in? Three times three are nine. Three times, sir. No, sir. Nine times.

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, DEC. 25, 1868.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation in Columbia and adjoining counties of any paper published here, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

THE "COLUMBIAN."

ITS CAREER & PROSPECTS.

The Past and the Future.

Changes of Management, Investment of Capital, Successive Improvements and increase of Patronage.

THE NEW YEAR, &C., &C., &C.

THE present number of the COLUMBIAN concludes the volume for 1868, and its issue affords a favorable occasion for reviewing the history of the paper, and for stating its present condition and prospects for the future. To those who have as patrons and readers observed its course and been interested in its fortunes, this review and statement will be timely and welcome.

THE PURCHASE.

In December 1866, Col. Freeze and others, as stock-holders, purchased the COLUMBIAN for the sum of $2,000 and reorganized it as a Democratic journal. Their total investment in this enterprise was $2,550. They obtained under the purchase from the former proprietors all the materials including two presses, fixtures and type; also the good will of the paper and a subscription list of a little less than 400 names. It was arranged that the paper under the new organization should commence with the beginning of the year 1867, so that its volumes should always correspond with the divisions of time into natural years as made by the calendar. For reasons given at the time, the former name of the paper was retained, it being appropriate and convenient, and already familiar to the reading public.

THE FORMER PAPER.

The first number of the former COLUMBIAN had been issued May 5, 1866, under the management of Capt. Geo. H. Moore, who continued to issue it until the end of that year. Its character under him was that of a conservative journal, independent of party but a supporter of President Johnson's policy for the restoration of the Union. It did good service against extreme Radicalism and produced a marked improvement of journalism in this county. It was handsomely made up and well printed, and by its competition provoked the enlargement and improvement of the old journals published here. Occasional editorials in its columns against the radical organ (conducted by P. John) were very effective, and it contributed, beyond all question, to that anti-radical sentiment of the county which has produced the great conservative majorities of the last three years.

THE NEW PAPER.

The first number of the new paper was issued January 4, 1867, with Col. Freeze as editor. Early in February of the same year, Captain Brockway bought out most of the stockholders at par. The circulation of the paper was then 1252 copies. We may state here that when the subscriptions to the original COLUMBIAN expired May 5, 1867, many subscribers (as was to have been expected) ceased their patronage; and that of about 200 three and six months subscribers to the new paper, the greater part stopped at the expiration of the time subscribed for. Nevertheless, the net increase in the number of subscribers since February 1867, over all reductions, has been about 50 per cent, and therefore most encouraging and satisfactory.

IMPROVEMENTS.

In March, 1867, a new power press and engine, with additional type and other materials, were purchased for the office at a cost of $2,500, and on the 12th of July following the paper was enlarged to its present size. Besides, a week since, a Gordon Job Press was purchased for the establishment at the price of $432. We have, then, the following investments: Stock subscriptions, $2,550. Power Press, Engine & materials $2,500 Job Press, $432, Making in the aggregate, $5,482. In this amount we do not include some purchases of type and other outlays beyond current and ordinary expenses.

ANOTHER PURCHASE.

Immediately after the Presidential election of the present year a bargain was negotiated between us and W. H. Jacoby of the *Bloomsburg Democrat*, for his interest in that paper. This agreement was consummated Dec. 22d, for the consideration of $1,500, and we will be prepared to supply the COLUMBIAN to the patrons of the *Democrat* from the commencement of 1869. We shall expect to entirely satisfy them with the change and to hold their confidence and friendship hereafter.

THE COLUMBIAN BUILDING.

Space was needed by us for our operations, and at our instance in November last the enterprising owner of the premises occupied by us, commenced its renovation and extension. The work has been pushed forward and now approaches completion, securing all the facilities desired. The front wall has been taken out and strongly rebuilt; the second story elevated and a third added above; an extension thirty feet by seventeen added in the rear, and a good fire proof roof placed over the whole. The building as rebuilt forms a fine addition to the Brower building in front, which itself is an elegant structure. The COLUMBIAN will have for use the whole of the second floor and the extension upon the first floor, with a good cistern beneath the latter and convenient entrances upon the front, southern and northern sides. Here printing will be executed by steam and all demands of subscribers, advertisers and jobbers promptly met.

CIRCULATION.

We have printed during 1868 an average weekly edition of 1850 copies of the COLUMBIAN. The average for 1867 was about 1636, taking into account the lowest numbers for the earlier months that year. In the two years, therefore, the total number of regular copies issued has exceeded *one hundred and eighty thousand*, to which is to be added [illegible] has exceeded *eight tons in weight* and was procured at a cost exceeding *two thousand five hundred dollars.* For our future issues the rates of consumption and cost of paper will, of course, be largely increased. The foregoing figures do not include paper for job work, nor do they indicate the main expense of the office which is for labor.

THE COMING YEAR.

We shall commence our new volume next week, with an issue of copies to old subscribers of the *Democrat*, for whom we shall have some words of friendly greeting. During the year (commencing them probably about the 1st of April) we shall publish a series of articles upon the "Columbia County Invasion" of 1864, in which, many particulars of that event little known, will be exposed and the narrative of the Invasion be made complete. Our Kaleidoscope articles will be continued. We expect also to publish an original Tale of considerable length, in successive numbers, which will contain much of novelty and curious incident and be peculiarly interesting to our younger class of readers. We shall bestow increased attention upon our editorial and news columns. We are aware that on some occasions during the year just closing that careful editorship and supervision was not given to our paper by reason of the pressure of other engagements upon us but we shall be able hereafter to devote ourselves with constancy and diligence to our editorial duties. Encouraged by past success, we look with hope and confidence to the future.

◆

A Medley.

THE editor of the *Republican* has a queer way of mixing things. Last week, in a brief article, he censured us for using room in the Court House, while our office is being repaired. *The room was not in use and we pay the county for it.* The fling comes with an ill grace from our cotemporary. Some months ago when that press broke down we loaned them ours without a question. Now, as a return, it tries to induce a feeling to get us turned out of doors, while we are repairing our building.

In the same article he goes out of his way to call Senator Benjamin a "Jew"—a "perjured wretch," etc. General Grant once made a fling at the Jews, but had the good sense afterwards to retract it. Further along in this medley, the brilliant doctor says:

"The Democracy of New York city have twice elected to Congress an Irishman who has served a term in the penitentiary for burglary, a brutal prize fighter, and the proprietor of two infernal gambling houses. We prefer the Louisiana negro to either of the above described cattle."

Having insulted the Jews, the *Irish* are then made an object of attack. Of course there is not a word of truth in the allegation that a New York Democratic Congressman ever served in the Penitentiary, and ignorance or malice alone prompted the author.

We had rather be one of the "cattle" referred to, than Beast Butler, or Hangman Bingham, or any of that ilk. As to the negro Congressman from Louisiana, we are not surprised at the Doctor's sudden love for him. For weeks past his paper has teemed with editorials in favor of negro equality and negro suffrage, until finally he has deserted his own sanctuary to listen to the eloquence of his "colored brother," who has come to reform this neighborhood.

◆

IT turns out that it is the publishers of The Galaxy who have secured that greatest of the year's literary prizes—the new serial story, by Charles Reade, for which the popular author, it is said, is to receive fifty thousand dollars, from them and from his English publishers. The new story will be commenced early in the year. The Galaxy has also purchased the advance sheets of the new story, by Mrs. Edwards, the author of "Steven Lawrence, Yeoman," and "Archie Lovell," two of the most successful of recent novels. This attractive serial will be commenced in the January number. With these two authors among its stars, The Galaxy promises to shine brilliantly during the coming year. But it by no means stops with them. Richard Grant White, whose scholarly articles on "Words and their Uses," have been doing so much for good English, is to contribute to the volume for 1869, a series of papers on "Americanisms." Dr. W. A. Hammond, the leading American authority on diseases of the mind and nerves, and an able writer, is to furnish some papers in his important specialty. Eugene Benson, who is gaining a wide reputation as a brilliant essayist, is to analyze, in a series of articles, the characteristics of the leading journalists of New York—Greeley, Raymond, Parke Godwin, W. H. Hurlbut, and others. Another noticeable series of articles will be criticisms upon the principal living American authors. Besides these, Scientific, Social, Literary, Practical, and Economical Articles are promised by Prof. E. L. Youmans, H. T. Tuckerman, Edmund C. Stedman, Schele de Vere, Justin McCarthy (the editor of the London *Morning Star*, now visiting this country), Wm. R. Alger, John Meredith Read Jr., and other well-known writers. From Mark Twain, humorous articles may be expected. From Henry James, Jr., Harriet Prescott Spofford, Caroline Chesebro, Jane G. Austin, John Esten Cooke, and others, Short Stories and Sketches. Taking the Galaxy's prospectus for 1869, altogether, it offers one of the most tempting bills of fare to magazine readers ever set before an American public.

◆

HON. CHAS. R. BUCKALEW has been elected on the following Senate Committees. On appropriations; Indian affairs; to audit and control the contingent expenses of the Senate; special committee on railways; joint committee to revise and fix the pay of the officers of the two Houses, on the part of the Senate; joint committee on Retrenchment on the part of the Senate. He is also chairman of the committee to inquire whether any improper means had been used or attempted to be used for influencing the votes of Senators on Impeachment.

◆

POPULATION OF PENNSYLVANIA.—The population of Pennsylvania has recently been made by a comparison of the election returns of 1860 and 1868.—In 1860 the vote polled for electors for President was 478,642, to a population of 2,906,115, as obtained from the census returns. In 1868 the vote for President was 665,662, which [illegible] give a [illegible]

Proceedings of the Columbia County Teachers' Institute.

PURSUANT to the call of the County Superintendent, the Teachers of Columbia County met in the Literary Institute Hall at Bloomsburg, December 14, 1868, for the purpose of holding the annual session of the Columbia County Teachers' Institute. They were called to order at 1½ o'clock p. m., by the County Superintendent, who briefly stated the objects of the meeting. The Institute was then opened with prayer by Rev. D. A. Beckley, after which the following persons were elected Secretaries, viz: E. J. Bowman, of Berwick; Wm. P. Evans, of Bloomsburg, and Perry Delong, of Orangeville.

On motion, the President was authorized to appoint at some time during the session a committee of five persons to draft resolutions. Prof. Carver then addressed the Institute on the subject of the Theory of Teaching. After recess Mr. A. S. Manson of Phila., occupied a half hour in elucidating the principles of penmanship. Mr. T. M. Bates of the Literary Institute then gave an exercise on the History of the first settlements of Pennsylvania. The Chair then appointed C. H. Campbell, Wm. Heacock and Miss Jennie Ditty, as committee to report questions for discussion. The following committee were also announced.

Committee on resolutions:—Thos. B. Miller, H. M. Spading, Emanuel Fritz Miss Kate A. Betz and Miss C. Freeze.

Committee on criticisms.—Miss Jennie Breece, Amand Boston and H. M. Spalding. On motion the Institute adjourned to meet again at 7 o'clock in the evening.

EVENING SESSION.

The Institute was called to order at the appointed time by the President. Mr. E. J. Bowman was then introduced to the Institute as the Lecturer for the evening. This subject, "The Duties and Responsibilities to the young and Rising generation," was very ably discussed and attentively listened to by the audience. After announcement of business for next day, the Institute adjourned.

TUESDAY FORENOON.

The members of the Institute assembled at 15 minutes before 9 o'clock. The opening exercises were conducted by Prof. Carver. Prof. S. W. Clark author of "Clark's English Grammar," having just entered the room, was introduced, and addressed the teachers for a few moments. Mr. Barkley then read and explained that part of the Pennsylvania School Law, relating to Teachers' certificates.

Prof. Carver having, at a previous meeting of the Institute, offered a copy of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary to the teacher who should spell correctly the greatest number of words at the present meeting, pronounced twenty-five words, intending to pronounce one hundred in all, at three more lessons. Mr. Manson occupied a half hour in showing what he considered to be the best method of teaching Penmanship. After a short recess, Prof. Walker of Orangeville addressed the Institute on the subject of Calisthenics. Prof. Clark then explained as far as the time allowed, his method of teaching Grammar by the use of Diagrams.

ATERNOON SESSION.

The Institute was called to order at 1½ o'clock. After Roll call the election of teachers to examine applicants for Permanent Certificates was called for. A Ballot was had which resulted in the election of Messrs. F. M. Bates, H. M. Spalding, Jos. Garrison, Misses C. Freeze and Jennie Breece. Mr. Manson then resumed the subject of Penmanship completing the instructions as opened in the morning. Prof. Walker discussed the subject of History for half an hour in a very instructive manner. The subject of Geography was then introduced by Prof. Carver. After the usual recess Prof. Clark resumed the subject of Grammar, still further illustrating by the use of Diagrams. Prof. Walker conducted a short exercise in Calisthenics; after which Prof. John occupied the remainder of the afternoon in a class lecture on the subject of Natural Philosophy. On motion the Institute adjourned to meet again at 6½ o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

Institute was called to order at 6½ o'clock. The roll was called and questions from the box read and discussed by several of the members present. The committee on criticism then made a short report. After general criticism, the Glee Class of the Literary Institute favored the assembly with a choice piece of Music. Prof. D. C. John was then introduced to the audience and delivered an entertaining lecture, on "the Natural Order of Study." It was conceded on all sides to be the production of a well stored and master mind. The County Supt. then extended an invitation to the citizens to attend and participate in the exercises.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

The opening exercises were conducted by Prof. Ferree. After roll call the spelling exercise was continued by Prof. Clark, in which all participated. The subject of Grammer was then resumed by Prof. Clark for an hour, after the usual recess of a few moments, it was then proposed to dispense with the regular exercises of the Institute for this afternoon, in order to hear the exercises in Composition and Declamation of the students attending the Literary Institute. The balance of the time was devoted to the subject of reading by Prof. Carver.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Roll was called, Prof. Walker then discoursed upon Arithmetic for half an hour. This Lecture was full of wisdom and instruction. Prof. Clark then took the floor and discussed Composition and Rhetoric, showing a method of instruction by diagrams. Immediately following, the students of the Literary Institute repaired to the Hall and were seated in company with the assembled teachers of the county. We were then entertained the remainder of the afternoon with original Compositions by the ladies and Declamation by the young gentlemen of the school. The Primary Department did handsomely in Calisthenic and in spelling with gesticulation. Little Maud Freeze executed a solo very finely. Miss Mintie Sharpless sang a solo that made an excellent impression. The whole of the exercises gave entire satisfaction.

EVENING SESSION

Upon re-assembling, the committee on criticism gave their Report, which [illegible] lively discussion. The chair [illegible] another committee on [illegible] ing and next day. Thereupon Prof. J. W. Ferree was introduced to the audience. His theme "The Science of Mathematics," was ably discussed in a learned and lucid lecture. His closing remarks were very eloquent and impressive.

TUESDAY MORNING.

The Institute assembled at the usual hour. Opened with reading of scriptures and prayer by Prof. Bates. After calling the Roll, the spelling exercise was resumed by Prof. Clark. He then continued the subject of Grammar for the next hour. After recess, which was enjoyed by all, it was proposed to dispense with the regular programme and spend the afternoon in discussion by the teachers. The proposition not being sustained the regular programme was again resumed. Prof. Walker was then called upon, who gave a good lecture on the subject of written Arithmetic. Adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Institute convened at the usual hour. Roll having been called, the subject of Arithmetic was continued by Prof. Walker. Prof. Carver then illustrated and explained the various motions of the earth and heavenly bodies by the use of apparatus. Mr. Spaulding read a selection entitled "Sheridan's Ride" which was well received by all. After a lengthy lecture on the "Theory and Practice of Teaching" by Prof. Walker the Institute adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

Teachers assembled at the usual hour. Critics reported. Questions were read and discussed in a lively manner by the members of the Institute. The time for the evening lecture having arrived Prof. Clark was introduced to the audience, and gave an entertaining and instructive address upon the "Physical, Intellectual, and Moral nature of man." At the close of the Lecture, Prof. John offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That we hereby tender our sincere thanks to Prof. Clark, for his valuable services rendered the Institute, and we trust that the friends of education here assembled will ever hold his name in grateful remembrance.

The resolution was unanimously adopted. Mr. Spaulding being called upon, then gave another reading in a fine and pleasing manner.

FRIDAY MORNING.

Institute assembled at the regular hour. After opening exercises by Prof. John, the roll was called, and another committee on criticism appointed for the day. Mr. Barkley then addressed the Institute on the propriety of visiting the Normal School Building. The time chosen, was the last hour of the forenoon. Prof. Clark then took up the subject of Composition and gave some valuable hints on its teaching, after which he explained the uses of his grammatic chart. Recess. Prof. Clark then answered several questions on Grammar. The appointed hour having arrived for visiting the Normal School Buildings, the teachers were conducted through and shown the various apartments by Prof. Carver.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Institute was called to order at the usual hour. Roll was called, a goodly number of Directors being present. Prof. Carver took up the subject of school buildings and school grounds. His remarks were eminently practical and well received by the Directors and Teachers. After the close of his address the pupils of the primary Department of the Literary Institute, appeared in the Hall and performed numerous evolutions in marching that were beautiful and made a fine impression. After recess of a few minutes, the pupils of Mrs. Best's class sang a charming piece of music. Mr. Barkley then occupied the remainder of the time in answering the written questions prepared by Directors, and also explained that part of the law relating to the erection of School Houses, choosing of sites etc. The Committee on Resolutions then submitted the following report:

Resolved, That Teachers who have the time granted them by the School Directors to attend the sessions of the County Institute, more than doubly repay their pupils for the time thus spent out of the school room.

Resolved, That it is the duty of parents and patrons to encourage the teacher and pupils by frequently visiting the school.

Resolved, That the proper mental developement of the child demands that school should be kept open but five days per week, and that during that time the introduction of gymnastic, or some other physical exercises would be highly essential to good health and rapid advancement.

Resolved, That our sincere thanks are due to the worthy Professors who have so efficiently provided for our Institute the series of lectures in defense of education, and the Board of Trustees of the Bloomsburg Literary Institute for the use of the Hall for this occasion.

Resolved, That we sincerely and duly appreciate and acknowledge the interest and encouragement manifested by our worthy Superintendent, C. G. Barkley, in the general cause of education.

Resolved, That Teachers, who are allowed their time by Directors to attend the County Institute, and do not attend and remain there during the entire week, embracing the opportunities of qualifying themselves for a better discharge of their duties, should be compelled to make up their time, and ought not to flatter themselves by supposing that they belong to the class of *live* Teachers.

On motion, the Resolutions were unanimously adopted. Adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

Institute was called to order at seven o'clock. The committee on criticism then gave their usual report, after which the following additional Resolutions were read and adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Columbia County Teachers' Institute are hereby extended to the Faculty of the Bloomsburg Literary Institute for their services in the capacity of class instructors, for the lectures given by them, and for the practical interest they have taken, during our entire session, in striving to make our exercises interesting and instructive.

Resolved, That we view with pleasure the prospect of an early completion of the magnificent building which is intended to secure the conversion of the Bloomsburg Literary Institute into a State Normal School. And rejoicing in the expectation that such an Institute will immeasurably advance the standard of education, not only in our own county, but in the whole Normal School District, we pledge our co-operation to secure this end.

The committee appointed to examine the exercises in orthography reported as follows:

The committee take pleasure in reporting that they had presented to them 73 exercises of 100 words each. In some of them they regret to be obliged to state that they found as many as 65 errors—the average being about 20.

The exercise presented by Miss Terassa A. Vannata, there were the fewest number of misspelled words—only 3.

In the exercises presented by Miss Jennie Breece, Miss Mintie Sharpless, and Mr. Joseph Garrison, there were 4 errors. In all the others the errors exceeded four in number.

Some of the papers presented were very neat, the paper clean, the capitals in their proper places, etc., while others were defective in this respect.

Respectfully submitted,

D. A. BECKLEY,
P. JOHN.

Miss Terassa A. Vannata was accordingly presented with the Dictionary by Prof. Carver. Prof. J. O. Best, of the Literary Institute, then delivered a lecture full of noble sentiments, on "The influence and practical advantages of an education in the different relations of life." On behalf of the ladies of the Institute, Mr. J. Clark then presented Mr. Barkley with a handsome parlor lamp, as a token of their high appreciation of his services in the cause of educational advancement. In a neat speech Mr. Barkley returned his thanks to the donors for the unexpected presentation. The audience being dismissed, the Teachers remained for the purpose of organizing a Teacher's Association for the coming year. The following persons were elected officers of the Association, viz: President, H. M. Spaulding; Vice-President, Miss Sue Thompson; Secretary, J. Garrison; Treasurer, Wm. P. Evans. On motion the officers were authorized to fix the time and place of the next meeting of the Association. After an extemporaneous address by Mr. Barkley, thanking the Teachers for their marked courtesy to him and their punctuality in attendance, the Institute adjourned *sine die*.

E. J. BOWMAN,
W. P. EVANS,
P. DELONG,
} Secretaries.

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Communicated.

EDITOR COLUMBIAN:

In view of the fact, as announced in your paper, that Bloomsburg is to have a series of lectures during the winter, I would suggest that the gentlemen who have the matter in hand should add somewhat to the programme as already set forth. If it be possible let Mr. Murdoch or Mr. Vandenhoff, or both, give us some of the delightful readings, for which they are so well and favorably known. These readings are more interesting than the majority of lectures. The rendition of Shakspeare's plays far exceeds the acting of them in theatres, where, almost invariably, the "star" actor's part is the only one to which justice is done, the minor parts being intrusted to inferior actors, whose badly conceived and more badly executed characters do much to detract from the interest of the whole. Readings will attract more young people than the more formal lectures, and will do more to instruct them in the wonderful power and compass of the human voice. To such rare excellence have Murdoch and Vandenhoff attained, that under their magic influence the most thread-bare tales assume a new aspect, and the glorious productions of Shakspeare and more modern writers attain yet greater beauty and strength. By all means let us have the readings.

Bloomsburg, Dec. 24,'68. F. C.

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NEWSPAPER DIRECTORY.—G. P. Rowell & Co., the New York Advertising Agents, are about issuing a complete American Newspaper Directory. It is a compilation much needed, since nothing of the kind having any claims to completeness has ever been published.

Messrs Rowell & Co. have spared no pains or expense to make the forthcoming work complete. We understand the book will be a handsome octavo volume of about 300 pages, bound in dark cloth, and sold for Five Dollars per copy.

As the publishers are Advertising Agents, their issuing a work containing so much information, usually jealously guarded by those in that business, shows that they are confident of their ability to be of service to advertisers, or they would not so readily place in their hands the means of enabling every one to communicate direct with publishers if they so desire.

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THE re-dedication of St. Matthew's Evangelical Lutheran church, of Bloomsburg Pa. will take place on Sabbath Jan. 3, 1869. The dedicatory sermon will be preached by Rev. M. J. Alleman of Middletown Md. Services will commence at 10 o'clock A.M. The Lord's Supper will be administered on Sabbath afternoon at 2 o'clock. Part of the services will be in the German tongue. Services preparatory to the celebration of the Lord's Supper, on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. On Sabbath evening at half past six Rev. B. F. Alleman will be installed as pastor of the congregation. Rev. Prof. H. Zeigler D. D. of Selin's Grove Pa. will deliver the charge to the pastor, and Rev. Uriel Graves of Milton Pa. the charge to the congregation. The public are cordially invited to attend.

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WE have been at much labor and expense in giving the Democracy of this County a first class family newspaper, and all that we ask is that they should liberally patronize it. There is scarcely a Republican in the County but what takes his county paper, whereas hundreds of Democrats neglect to support theirs. It should be the object of each Democrat not only to subscribe *and pay for* his party organ, but to induce his neighbor to do likewise. It is the home editor who does the labor in the campaign, and spends his money in your midst, and he should be properly supported. Go to work, then, and procure new subscribers for the volume beginning with the next number.

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WE call attention to the advertisement to be found in another column, of a private sale of a valuable farm in Madison twp. The farm is located near Jerseytown, is in fine order and well supplied with fruit.

Washington Items.

December 17, 1868.

CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE LEGAL-TENDER ACT.

Chief-Justice Chase, in alluding to the various rumours about the action of the Supreme Court upon the constitutionality of the Legal Tender act, states that he does not believe there was a single one of the justices who had given the slightest indication of how he should act upon it. The decision may not be announced for a month or two.

INTEREST OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Between $25,000,000 and $26,000,000 in gold will be paid out from the Treasury Department on the 1st of January, as semi-annual interest on that portion of the public debt on which interest falls due at that time. This is the largest sum ever paid out as interest at any one time.

SCALLAWAGS RELIEVED OF POLITICAL DISABILITIES.

Every day half a hundred scallawags are relieved of political disabilities, in order to let them take office in the black-and-tan government. To-day Sawyer, of South Carolina, put through forty; also adding a few Democrats, on the plea that decent Republicans in those districts couldn't be found to take the offices.

COMMISSIONERSHIP OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

The Commissionership of Internal Revenue is still in statu quo. Mr. Cummings's nomination has been the subject of no action whatever by the Finance Committee. To-day, too, it has been stated that Mr. Rollins has been taken with his old fit of retention, in spite of his periodical professions of a desire to be relieved. It is said he will hold over till spring, and thereby prevent the confirmation of a successor.

RECONSTRUCTING RECONSTRUCTED GEORGIA.

General Meade was on the floor of the Senate to-day. It is understood that he urges the Radicals to let well enough alone in Georgia, and particularly opposes having his troops billeted to bulldoze the C. O. D. Governor.

WOMANHOOD SUFFRAGE.

Another batch of petitions were offered in favor of womanhood suffrage to-day, praying the amendment of the Constitution to secure that end. It is a fact that these petitions outnumber those in favor of mere universal negro suffrage by nearly two to one.

ARMS FOR THE NEGRO MILITIA.

The bill distributing arms to the reconstructed negroes by the hands of carpet-bag Governors will not be reported till after the recess. It is stated that the Republicans on the Military Committee are not yet a unit in favor of it. Some of them urge that the distribution be made by the district commanders, instead of the governors.

AMENDMENTS OF THE SOUTH.

In the matter of amensty Mr. Ferry counts a majority of the Senate in favor of the bill. He says, two-thirds of the Senate cannot be relied on for it, and two-thirds of both Houses are needed. Mr. Ferry intends to press the bill till it succeeds, and says it will be carried in less than a year.

THE COLORED MEMBERS RECEIVES HIS CERTIFICATES.

Mr. Menard, a colored man, to-day received his certificate from Governor Warmoth as member elect from Louisiana. It will be presented in the House to-morrow. Several papers will also be presented in the House in behalf of Col. Hunt, who contests Menard's right to a seat.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

The Senate to-day was mainly occupied with eulogies of the late Thad. Stevens. There were four speeches, of which his career and character were the text; three were *pro forma*, those of Cameron, Buckalew, and Morrill, coming, of course, from the Senators of Mr. Stevens's adopted and native States respectively; one was *de gratia* from Mr. Sumner, and may be well attributed, from its contents, to as much of desire to celebrate the speaker as the person spoken of. The addresses were each different. Cameron's was a simple biography; Mr. Buckalew's was such a criticism as would deserve, had Thad. been a man of grace, to be published in *The World's* sketches of leading preachers; Mr. Morrill's was a worthy panegyric, and Mr. Sumner's a revamping and reglorification of all the Radical principles Mr. Stevens and he professed. That of Mr. Cameron escapes remark by being merely the reproduction of the article in the encyclopedia. Mr. Buckalew made a very scholarly, candid, and thorough analysis of Stevens' character, in which, though there was nought set down in malice, neither was there aught extenuated. He rebuked Mr. Stevens's unscrupulousness of means, his defiance of public morality; and the best he could say of him was that he would be remembered as a man of caustic wit, a sound lawyer, and a shrewd, cruel, arrogant politician. These few words fail to do justice to one of the most analytical and pointed estimates of character ever presented to a public body. Mr. Morrill only indulged in a lengthy ascription which would have fitted any truly loil Radical who would find fault at the stake for the under-cooking of a heretic. Mr. Sumner saw the occasion piled high with egotism, so he rose high with the occasion. He glorified all which Mr. Sumner and Mr. Stevens had done, or attempted ever since either had been a somebody, and travelled out of the path to declare his superfluous admiration of Mr. Stevens' heroic services in impeachment, giving a side-wipe at those weak enough to thwart it. At the close of his melange of dogmatism, didactics, and ditch-water, the Senate adjourned. There was considerable feeling among Henderson, Frelinghuysen, Ferry, and the more sensible Radicals, at Sumner's flinging the dirt of the grave in the faces of the living. It was the subject, too, of some sensation when Mr. Buckalew stated the reason why Pitt had moral weight and Stevens had not, because the former was the lawful husband of one wife.—*World.*

DECEMBER 19.

THE WHISKEY TAX.

Some efforts have been made to have the whiskey tax increased if possible to the former rate of $2 per gallon, but the Committee of Ways and Means have thus received the proposition with but little, if any favor.

RETURN OF GENERAL GRANT.

General Grant and staff, Secretary Scofield, and other military gentlemen, returned to Washington this morning from Chicago.

Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$1 60
Rye "	1 [illegible]
Corn "	1 00
Oats "	75
Flour per barrel	12 00
Cloverseed	8 00
Flaxseed	2 00
Butter	50
Eggs	25
Tallow	12
Potatoes	1 00
Dried Apples	2 50
Pork	12
Hams	20
Sides and Shoulders	20
Lard per pound	18
Hay per ton	15 00

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$10 00
Pine " " " (one inch)	[illegible]
Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock)	15 00
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	[illegible]
" 2 " "	7 00
Siding " " ft.	18 00
IRON—	
No. 1 Scotch pig	$43
No. 2 " "	$39
Bloom	$39

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Philadelphia Markets.

THURSDAY, Dec. 24, 1868.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine at	$5.25@ 5.50
Northwestern extra	5.50@ 6.25
Northwestern family	8.00@ 9.50
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	7.00@7.50
Pennsylvania and Western extra	7.75@ 8.75
Pennsylvania and Western family	9.00@11.00
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	11.50@13.25
Rye flour	$8.00
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, ℔ bus.	$1.80@2.05
Southern " "	$2.00@2.75
California " "	$3.20
" white "	$3.15@3.10
RYE—Pennsylvania rye, ℔ bus	$1.60@1.62
CORN—Yellow, "	$1.21@1.28
White, "	$1.17@1.17
OATS—℔ bus	70@75
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, ℔ bbl	$29.50
Mess Beef, "	$21.50
Dressed Hogs, ℔ ℔	[illegible]
Smoked Hams "	16@19c
" Shoulders ℔ ℔	13c
Lard, ℔ ℔	17@17½c
SEEDS—Cloverseed ℔ bus	$7.00@7.25
Timothyseed ℔ bus	$2.78
Flaxseed	$2.75
CATTLE—Beef Cattle ℔ ℔	9@10½c
Cows, ℔ head	[illegible]
SHEEP—℔ ℔	[illegible]
HOGS—℔ 100 ℔s	$11@$12.14

Marriages.

SNYDER—HUNTER—On Wednesday, 2nd inst., at North'd Chas. W. Snyder of Bloomsburg Pa., to Miss Emma Hunter of Millville.

ELLIS—FOWLER—At White Pigeon, Mich. Nov. 22d, by Rev. T. M. [illegible], Leonard T. Ellis of White Pigeon, to Miss Semantha M. Fowler formerly of Fowlersville, Columbia co. Pa.

SCHREFFLER—HERR—Dec. 11, by Rev. A. Hartman, G. W. H. Schreffler and Miss Sarah Francis Herr, all of Salona, Clinton co. Pa.

Deaths.

HOOVERSEN—On the 15th inst., in Huntington twp., at the residence of his son-in-law Joseph N. Hess, John Hooverson aged 77 years and [illegible] months.

GINGLES—In Centre twp., 13th inst., Wm. Gingles, aged [illegible] years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphan's Court for the County of Columbia, in the matter of the estate of John [illegible] jr., deceased. The Auditor appointed by the Court to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Solomon Buss, Administrator of John [illegible] jr., deceased, among the creditors of the said intestate, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment on Saturday, Jan. 30th, A. D. 1869, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at his office in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa.

All persons having claims against the estate are hereby required to present to the Auditor or on failure to present the same be forever debarred from coming in for a share of the said estate.

C. G. BARKLEY, Auditor.

Dec. 25,68-4t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphan's Court for the County of Columbia in the matter of the estate of Geo. Kreamer, late of Columbia co., Pa. The Auditor appointed by the Court to make distribution of the balance in the hands of JOHN R. MOYER, Administrator of George Kreamer, deceased among the Creditors of the said intestate, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment on Saturday 30th day of January next, at ten o'clock, a. m. at his office in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa.

All persons having claims against the estate are hereby required to present them to the Auditor, or on failure to present the same be forever debarred from coming in for a share of the said estate.

C. G. BARKLEY, Auditor.

Dec. 25,'68-4t.

A FARM FOR SALE.

Will be sold at private sale a valuable farm situate in Madison twp., Columbia county, about two miles from Jerseytown, and one and one-half miles from Fruitstown, containing

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES

of land more or less; about 25 acres is well timbered, and the balance in a high state of cultivation, and an orchard of choice fruit, whereon are erected two sets of Buildings. All information in regard to the property can be had of Clark Dildine on the premises or John Dildine, Limestone twp., Montour county, Pa. [Dec. 25,'68-2m.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Ex issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or outcry at the Owen House in Berwick, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on Monday, Jan. 11, 1869, the following real estate to wit: A certain tract of land lying in Briarcreek twp., Columbia county, bounded and described as follows to wit: on the North by lands of Rev. Clem and Adam Dietterich, on the east, by lands of Jas. Lamon, and John Vanpelt, on the south by Abraham Martz, on the west by lands of Evan Adams, on which is erected a two story frame dwelling house, log barn and other out buildings, with the appurtenances, containing about one hundred and fifty-eight acres. Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. K. Gordner.

Dec. 18,'68.

ALSO

In Bloomsburg, on Wednesday, Jan. 13, 1869, a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the Borough of Centralia, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the north by an alley, on the east by an alley, on the south by street leading to Mt. Carmel, on the west by lot of James Dyke, which is about twenty feet front and one hundred and forty feet deep, being a vacant lot in said borough. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Reuben Wasser.

MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Dec. 25,'68.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an alias mandate to me directed will be exposed to public sale on the premises on Tuesday the 12th day of Jan., next, at one o'clock p. m. of said day, the following described tract of land situate in Scott township, Columbia county, adjoining lands of [illegible] on the east, lands of [illegible] J. [illegible] on the south, lands of Isaac White on the west, and lands of Aaron Boone on the north, [illegible] with the appurtenances, [illegible] stone land—with [illegible] erected on said premises. To be sold as the property of Sylvester [illegible] and Mary E. [illegible] as tenants in common.

MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Dec 25, 1868

SHERIFF'S SALE.

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a certain writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed will be exposed to sale by public vendue or outcry at the Court House in Bloomsburg, at one o'clock in the afternoon of Saturday January 16, 1869, the following mentioned and described real estate situate in the said county.

No. 1. The undivided thirtieth part of a certain piece of land situate in Montour township, containing two acres more or less adjoining lands of James Barton, and the Fishingcreek, whereon is erected a frame flouring mill, a frame dwelling house and a frame stable with the appurtenances.

No. 2. The undivided thirtieth part of a certain piece of land situate in Bloom township, containing ten acres more or less adjoining lands of Caleb Barton, James Barton, M'Kelvy, Neal and others whereon is erected a frame house and stable with the appurtenances.

No. 3. The undivided thirtieth part of a certain piece of land situate in Bloom township containing eighteen acres more or less, adjoining lands of James Barton, M'Kelvy & Neal, The Bloomsburg Iron Co., and others, whereon is erected a frame dwelling house, a log barn and out houses, with the appurtenances.

No. 4. A certain piece of land situate in Bloom township, containing one acre more or less, adjoining lands of M'Kelvy & Neal, D. J. Waller, and the North Branch Canal, whereon is erected a frame store house with the appurtenances.

No. 5. The Defendant's interest in a certain piece of land situate in Montour township, containing one acre, more or less, adjoining lands of Daniel Giger, Wm. Trowbridge, John and Sylvester Pursel and others, whereon is erected a frame dwelling house with the appurtenances.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Leonard B. Rupert.

MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Dec. 25, 1868.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County will be exposed to Public Sale on the premises on Thursday the 21st day of January next, by John Wenner, Administrator of Solomon Hartman, late of the township of Fishingcreek, said county deceased, the following tract of land to wit: all that certain messuage and tract of land bounded on the east by lands of the heirs of Samuel Weaver deceased, on the south by lands of Samuel Thomas, on the west by lands of Benjamin Hess, and on the north by lands of Samuel Yost, and others, containing one hundred acres more or less, whereon is erected a one and one half story Log dwelling house, a frame bank barn, wagon house and other out buildings, a good well of water at the door of the dwelling house, a good spring of water near the house, a good apple orchard, the land is nearly all cleared and is in a good state of cultivation.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

JESSE COLEMAN, Clk. O. C.

Bloomsburg, Dec. 23, 1868.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one fourth of the purchase money to be paid on day of sale; one fourth less the ten per cent on the confirmation of the sale, and the balance in one year from the first of April next, with interest from the first of April next. Possession given on the 1st of April next. Purchaser to pay for deed and stamps.

JOHN WENNER, Administrator.

Dec. 25,'68.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TIME's first footprints are wrinkles and gray hair, and although nothing has yet been discovered to eradicate the former the latter may easily be obliterated by the use of Ring's Vegetable Ambrosia. We know that it will restore gray hair to its original color and remove from the scalp all itching or irritation whether caused by dandruff or humors, at the same time imparting to the hair that glossy and beautiful look so much desired.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try this remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. Edward A. Wilson, 165 South Second Street Williamsburgh, Kings county, New York.

Dec. 11,'68-1y.

To Physicians.

NEW YORK, August 15th, 1867.

Allow me to call your attention to my Preparation of Compound Extract Buchu. The component parts are Buchu, Long Leaf, Cubebs, Juniper Berries.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo, Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement by liquor obtained from Juniper Berries, containing very little sugar, a small proportion of spirit, and more palatable than any now in use. The active properties are by this mode extracted.

Buchu, as prepared by Druggists generally, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopoea, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exists. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,

Chemist and Druggist of 16 Years' Experience in Philadelphia, and now located at his Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, New York.

[From the largest Manufacturing Chemists in the World.]

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold, he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise.

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,

Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu, for weakness arising from Indiscretion. The exhausted powers of Nature which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forebodings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

The Constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu, in affections peculiar to Females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus and all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from habits of dissipation, imprudenc [illegible] or the decline or change of life.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerou [illegible] remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these di [illegible]

Use Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu in all di [illegible] eases of these organs, whether existing in ma [illegible] or female, from whatever cause originating, an [illegible] no matter of how long standing. It is pleasa [illegible] in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, an [illegible] more strengthening than any of the prepar [illegible] tions of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken-down or delica [illegible] constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slig [illegible] may be the attack of the above diseases, it [illegible] certain to affect the bodily health and ment [illegible] powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of [illegible] Diuretic. Helmbold's Extract Buchu is the gre [illegible] Diuretic.

Sold by druggists and dealers ever [illegible] where. Price $1.25 per bottle, or six bottles [illegible] $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe [illegible] toms in all communications. Address, [illegible] Helmbold, Drug and Chemical Wareho [illegible] Broadway, N. Y.

None are genuine unless done up in st [illegible] graved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Ch [illegible] Warehouse, and signed. H. T. HELMB [illegible]

Dec 18, [illegible]

"A Repository of Fashion, Plea [illegible] and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZA [illegible]

A supplement containing numerous full [illegible] patterns of useful articles accompanies the [illegible] every fortnight, and occasionally an elegan [illegible] ored fashion plate.

Harper's Bazar contains 16 folio pages of [illegible] size of Harper's Weekly, printed on supe [illegible] calendered paper and is published weekly.

Critical Notices of the Press.

Harper's Bazar contains, besides pictures, [illegible] terns, etc., a variety of matter of especial us [illegible] interest to the family; articles on health, dre [illegible] and housekeeping in all its branches; its editori [illegible] matter is specially adapted to the circle, it is [illegible] tended to interest and instruct; and it has [illegible] stories and literary matter of merit. It is not surprising that the journal, with suc [illegible] features, has achieved in a short time an [illegible] mense success; for something of its kind was [illegible] sired in thousands of families, and its publish [illegible] have filled the demand.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

Whether we consider its claims as based upo [illegible] the elegance and superiority of the paper, its t [illegible] typographical appearance, the taste and judgement [illegible] displayed in the engravings, or the literary co [illegible] tributions contained in its pages, we unhesit [illegible] ingly pronounce it to be superior in each a [illegible] every particular to any other similar publicati [illegible] here or abroad.—*Phila. Legal Intelligencer.*

We know of no other English or Ameri [illegible] Journal of fashion that can pretend to appro [illegible] it in completeness and variety.—*N. Y. Times*

It has the merit of being sensible, of convey [illegible] instruction, of giving excellent patterns in eve [illegible] department, and of being well stocked with go [illegible] reading matter.—*Watchman and Reflector.*

To dress according to Harper's Bazar will [illegible] the aim and ambition of the women of Americ [illegible] —*Boston Transcript.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1869.

Terms:

Harper's Bazar, one year ....$4 [illegible]

An extra copy of either the Magazine, We [illegible] or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Clu [illegible] five subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remitta [illegible] or six copies for $20 00.

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Week [illegible] and Bazar, to one address for one year, $10 00; [illegible] two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address f [illegible] one year, $7 00.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The postage on Harper's Bazar is 20 cent [illegible] year, which must be paid at the subscriber's po [illegible] office.

Subscriptions sent from British North Ame [illegible] can Provinces must be accompanied with 20 c [illegible] a year additional, to prepay United States p [illegible] tage. Address HARPER & BROS. New Yor [illegible]

THE ATLANTIC ALMANAC

FOR 1869.

EDITED BY DONALD G. MITCHELL.

The Almanac for 1869 is even more valuable a [illegible] attractive than that for 1868 which won great p [illegible] ularity as a Miscellany of Literature and A [illegible] Its Literary contents are all original, havi [illegible] been prepared expressly for it, and combine in [illegible] high degree the practical and the entertaini [illegible]

The Astral portion is in harmony with [illegible] Literary contents, the four colored plates a [illegible] the twelve calendar pictures being original d [illegible] signs, chiefly illustrative of American scenes a [illegible] customs. The Astronomical department is u [illegible] usually full and important, comprising an [illegible] count of the Total eclipse of the Sun which w [illegible] occur in August 1869, together with a map sho [illegible] ing the portions in the United States where [illegible] eclipse will be visible. This eclipse will b [illegible] more striking character than any that has [illegible] curred since 1806.

The Almanac contains four Full-page Illus [illegible] tions, in colors of The Season, and Fine Ar [illegible] Illustrations by the most skilful Artists, such [illegible] Darley, Hoppin, Fenn, Perkins, White, Hi [illegible] cock, Eytinge, and Waud.

A beautiful colored cover adds to the attracti [illegible] ness of the Almanac.

It is sold at fifty cents by Booksellers and de [illegible] ers, or will be sent post-paid by the Publishe [illegible] Ticknor and Fields Boston.

SADDLE & HARNESS MAKER.

ORANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PENN'A.

THE undersigned respectfully informs [illegible] friends and the public that he has bought [illegible] THOMAS HOWELL and will continue the busin [illegible] of SADDLE and HARNESS MAKING in all [illegible] various branches, at the old stand above [illegible] hotel, and hopes to deserve and receive the [illegible] ronage of all wanted articles in his line.

Feb. 28,'68. GEORGE LAZAR [illegible]

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ring pidly becoming the pulating of the day. Both bility its beauty recommend ilders e have two fine specimens in this town: Brower's building the Normal School. e which were furnished by Mr. on are admirably laid by Mose ibbons Danville, who is a practical slater, and one who thoroughly understands his business.

We have never "dunned" our subscribe, and do not propose to do so w; we only wish to suggest to them that printers must be paid cash, and on paper, ink, and other material as! Almost all of our subscribers able to pay for their paper now, and so doing, would enable us to pay at e for our recent purchase. Any one can see that small amounts when scattered among 2,000 subscribers make a large sum in the aggregate. By buying the *Inocent* we save those who have been taking both papers, its price every year, or probably an aggregate of 2,000 per annum to our people.

Pay for what you owe, and then pay for a year in advance. We have trusted you for a year or two, now return the compliment.

Th Normal School.—A few days since we had the pleasure of making a thorough inspection of this fine structure under the guidance of Prof. Henry Carv the Principal, and were both astonished and delighted at the progress which has been made. The flooring nearly all laid, the siding is finished, and the Town wing in the rth story is lathed ready for plastering; a considerable amount of lathing has also been done on the lower floors. Some few figures may give an idea of the immense amount of work which has been done. The flooring took feet of lumber, the lumber in the story used up 100,000 feet, and studding of the whole The lumb-

And to maude,
That c open and shut its eyes;
And about the many pretty things
He made for the girls and boys.
I'll tell you the story briefly,
And then you must off to bed,
For Santa Claus will be coming
With a load upon your sled;
And if you still are watching
I fear he may go by,
For he's a curious fellow,
And does things on the sly.
So all began to listen,
And the Kitten ope'd her eyes,
And gazed around the circle
With an innocent surprise.
Across her drowsy nose
The nimble cricket ran,
And in the general silence
The story thus began.

On a dark and cloudy night,
With a howling north-east storm,
Not a star to give me light,
Nor a cloak to keep me warm,
Not a path to guide my feet
To Saint Nicholas' retreat,
Up the dark and lonesome ravine,
Step by step I picked my way,
By a little murmuring runlet
I had often tracked by day,
And which led to Santa Claus',
I had heard my Grand Pa say.
For this was the only time
In the whole revolving year,
His deep hidden mountain home
To a mortal would appear.
'T was the night of Halloween,
Night on which strange things are seen;
And it was on Friday, too,
Saddest day of all the seven,
And the moon was in the wane,
And the hour beyond eleven!
Fearful night! on every hillside
Troops of fairies dance and sing,
And with sound of merry music
Charm the mortal to the ring;
Witches ride upon the broomstick,
Wizards conjure visions dire,
Warlocks revel in the tempest,
Every moment growing higher,
Bird and beast are ill at ease,
Sen heard in upper air,
Voic
L

So she handed me a chair,
Close beside the chimney fire,
And of all the men and maidens
In the town she did inquire;
Asked me who were getting married,
What the winter fashions were,
Calling for a full description
Of the modern female wear.
Flounces, nets, hoopskirts and laces,
She could understand them all,
But I had a dreadful trouble
To explain the "waterfall;"
And when to another feature
The description did extend,
And I tried to give a notion
Of a full grown "Grecian Bend;"
While Old Santa Claus was sitting
With his pipe between his teeth,
And around his head was curling
From its bowl a beauteous wreath,
One eye shut, and t' other winking
Kindly at me through the smoke;
And I am sure that he was thinking
What a most tremendous joke
I was telling the old lady;
But I told him it was true,
And no joke at all of mine;
But he only winked the more,
Rolling o'er the parlor floor,
Laughing till his sides were sore.

Much to talk he did incline,
So he ordered up some wine,
Cakes and nuts and apples too,
And as well-bred people do,
Drink, said he, and eat your fill,
For the night is damp and chill;
And there's many a weary mile
Of rock and ravine to be strode,
E'er you reach the little stile
Leading to the Bloomsburg road.
So we had a merry chat,
Talked of this and then of that;
But at last the clock struck two,
And I knew it would not do
To be seen in morning chill,
On Old Santa Claus' hill.
So I buttoned up my coat
Close around my breast and th
Drew my cap about my ears,
Turned to bid them all
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sale at the lowest rates, the
flour as well as the lower grades
all kinds of chop and feed.

PETER ENT.

Light Street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF W. H. CREASY, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of H. W. Creasy, late of Scott township Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Samuel Creasy of Mifflin twp. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.

SAMUEL CREASY,
Administrator.

Nov. 26,

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF REBECCA NAGLE, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Rebecca Nagle, late of Centre township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said County, to Samuel Neyhard administrator, who resides in Centre township. All persons having claims or demands against the said estate are requested to present them for settlement without delay, and those indebted to make payment.

SAMUEL NEYHARD,
Administrator.

Nov 6,

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTIC

ESTATE OF DANIEL GENSIL,

Letters of administration on the el Gensil of Mifflin, township, ceased, have granted by th

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J. J. BROWER.

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Diary."

plates ahead of all are engraved on steel, twice contain six figures. They will colored. Also a pattern, from which mantilla, or child's dress can be cut out, out the aid of a mantau-maker. Also several pages of household and other receipts; in short everything interestin to ladies.

SUPERB PREMIUM E GRAVING.

To every person getting up a club for 1869 will be sent gratis, a copy of our new and splendid Mezzotint for framing, (size 24 in. by 16) "The Star of Bethlehem', after the celebrated master piece by Gerome, the celebrated French artist. This is the most desirable premium ever offered For large clubs, as will be seen below, an extra copy will be sent in addition.

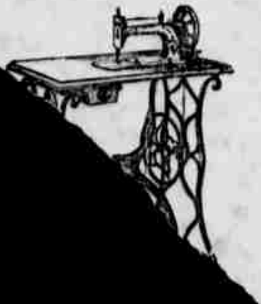
TERMS—Always in Advance

One copy, for one year	$ 4 00
Three copies for one year	5 00
Four " "	6 00
Five " " (and ond to the getter up of a club)	8 00
Eight copies, for one year, (and one to the gette. up of a club(	12 00
Fourteen copies, for one year, (and one to the getter up of a club	20 00

Addres, post paid, Charles J. Peterson, No. 306 Chestnut st., Phil'a., Pa.

☞ Specimens sent to those wishing to get up clubs.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!



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OMNIBUS LINE

bet-een this place and the different railroad depots daily Sundays excepted, to connect with the several trains going South and West on the Catawissa and Williamsport Railroad, and with those going North and South on the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad.

His Omnibusses are in good condition, commodious and comfortable, and charges reasonable.

Persons wishing to meet or see their friends depart, can be accommodated upon reasonable charge by leaving timely notice at any of the hotels.

JACOB L GIRTON, Proprietor.

J. HEATHCOTE & COMPANY

BOILER WORKS,

CORNER OF WEST STREET & BLACKHORSE ALLEY

Having increased our facilities in the way of shop room, machinery, &c., we are prepared to manufacture LOCOMOTIVE FLUE, and all kinds of STEAM BOILERS, SMOKE-STACKS, TANKS, SHEET-IRON WORK, &c. All work promptly done to order, at short notice, and

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRS.

Your attention is specially called to the members of our firm—all being *Practical Boiler Makers.*

Mr. HEATHCOTE has had an experience of over thirty years in the manufacture of all kinds of Steam Boilers; and from our long experience we are fully aware of the necessity of a well-made and sufficiently large BOILER, to secure not only safety but satisfactory results; and we shall give our customers only those of the best quality as regards material, workmanship, and ample heating surface, and feel confident that we can render satisfaction, and at prices fully as low as any other builders using the same quality of materials.

We would call the attention of Railway Companies to our facilities for doing LOCOMOTIVE WORK, EITHER REPAIRS OR NEW, as we make it a point for one of the firm to always give his personal attention.

We are also prepared to do all kinds of Steam Fittings, such as Heating Public and Private Buildings, Factories, fitting up Steam Boilers, &c.

Constantly on hand all kinds of STEAM FITTINGS, STEAM AND WATER GUAGES STEAM PIPES, and all fittings connected with the business.

Also, Castings of all kinds, Boiler Fronts, Grates, Stoves, Plows, and all work connected with the general foundry business.

Respectfully soliciting your orders, we are

Yours very truly, J. HEATHCOTE & CO.

Feb.28'66—1y

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ALTA VELA PHOSPHATE.

It contains three per cent. of Ammonia, an ample quantity to give activity without injury to the vegetation, and a large percentage of soluble Bone Phosphate of Lime, together with Potash and Soda, the essential elements of a COMPLETE MANURE. The increased sales to farmers who are using it with highly satisfactory results is a sure guarantee of its value. Price, $56 per ton of 10 bags 200 lbs each. Send for a pamphlet. Address

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July 3, '68-ly 57 Broadway, N.Y.

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ORS,

LE OF THE AGE!

eaded People have t red by it to e dark, lustr tresses of youth, are happy!

Young People, with light, faded or red have these unfashionable colors chang a beautiful auburn, and rejoice!

People whose heads are covered *Dandruff* and *Humors,* use it, and clean coats and clear and healthy sc

Bald-Headed Veterans their remaining locks thickened, and bare spots covered with a luxuriant of Hair, and dance for joy!

Young Gentlemen use it becaus richly perfumed!

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Everybody must and will use it, because it is the *cleanest* and *best* article in the market!

For Sale by Druggists general

AND FOR SALE BY

L. N. MOYER and E. P. LUTZ, Bloomsburg, and M. M. BROBST, Catawissa
January 24, 1868-3.

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MEDICINES AND CHEMICALS.

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PATENT MEDICINES OF THE DAY,

I am also prepared to furnish Country Stores with Castor Oil, Godfrey's Cordial,

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and all other medicines kept in their line at prices,

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours,

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Bloomsburg, June 7, 1867

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OPPOSITE AMERICAN HOUSE.

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DRUGS

MEDICINES, DYE STUFFS, COLORS, WINDOW-GLASS, LAMPS, LANTERNS, DAS, SOAPS, ALCOHOL, WINES & LIQ SYRUPS,

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